

SCM7B36

Isolated Potentiometer Input Modules

Description

Each SCM7B36 Potentiometer input module provides a single channel of resistance input which is filtered, isolated, amplified, and converted to a high level analog voltage output (Figure 1).

The SCM7B36 module interfaces to slidewires and potentiometers in both two or three wire configuration and incorporates a five-pole filtering approach to maximize both time and frequency response by taking advantage of both Bessel and Butterworth characteristics. One pole of the filter is on the field side of the isolation barrier; four are on the process control system side. In the 3-Wire configuration, lead resistance compensation is provided if the resistance of the "x" lead is closely equivalent to that of the "+" lead. Internal to the module, measurement error due to lead resistance is canceled.

In response to the low-level current excitation, and after initial field-side filtering, the input signal is chopped by a proprietary chopper circuit and transferred across the transformer isolation barrier, suppressing transmission of common mode spikes and surges. The signal is then reconstructed and filtered for process control system output.

Six standard input resistance ranges are offered, from 100 Ω to 10k Ω , with three output ranges available: 0-5V, 1-5V, and 0-10V. Modules accept a wide 14- 35VDC power supply range (+24VDC nominal). Their compact packages (2.13" x 1.705" x 0.605" max.) save space and are ideal for high channel density applications. They are designed for easy DIN rail mounting using any of the -DIN backpanels.

Features

- Industry's First 7B Potentiometer Input Module
- Interfaces 100 Ω to 10 k Ω Potentiometers
- Provides High-Level Voltage Outputs
- 1500Vrms Transformer Isolation
- Accuracy, ±0.03% of Span Typical, ±0.1% Max
- ANSI/IEEE C37.90.1 Transient Protection
- Input Protected to 120Vrms Continuous
- 120dB CMRR
- 85dB NMR at 60Hz, 80dB at 50Hz
- Easy DIN Rail Mounting
- CSA C/US Certified
- CE and ATEX Compliant



Figure 1: SCM7B36 Block Diagram

SCM7B



Input Range

0 to 100Ω

0 to 200Ω 0 to 500Ω

0 to $1k\Omega$

0 to 5kΩ

0 to 10kΩ

NONE

А

D

Example

SCM7B36-01

SCM7B36-01A

SCM7B36-01D

[†]Output Ranges Available

Output Range Part No. Suffix

Ordering Information

Model

SCM7B36-01

SCM7B36-02

SCM7B36-03

SCM7B36-04 SCM7B36-05

SCM7B36-06

+1 to +5V

0 to +5V

0 to +10V

Specifications Typical* at 25°C and +24VDC

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Module	SCM7B36
Input Range Protection Continuous Transient	(See Ordering Information) 120Vrms max ANSI/IEEE C37.90.1
Sensor Excitation Current	65μΑ (10kΩ) to 260μΑ (100Ω)
Lead Resistance Effect (3-Wire) ⁽¹⁾	-01 thru -04 : ±0.005Ω/ -05 : ±0.02Ω/Ω -06 : ±0.04Ω/Ω
Output Range ⁽²⁾ (See Output Range) Effective Available Power ⁽²⁾ Resistance Protection Voltage/Current Limit	t 40mW < 1Ω Continuous Short to Ground ±12V, ±14mA
CMV (Input to Output) Continuous Transient CMRR (50 or 60Hz)	1500Vrms ANSI/IEEE C37.90.1 120dB
Accuracy ⁽³⁾ Linearity ⁽⁴⁾	±0.03% Span typical, ±0.1% Span max ±0.01% Span typical, ±0.02% Span max
Stability (-40°C to +85°C) Input Offset Output Offset Gain Noise Peak at 5MHz B/W RMS at 10Hz to 100kHz B/W Peak at 0.1Hz to 10Hz B/W Open Input Response '+' Lead '-' Lead 'x' Lead	±0.01Ω/°C ±30μV/°C ±60ppm/°C 1mV 250μV 1μV RTI ⁽⁵⁾ Upscale Non-deterministic Downscale
Open Input Detection Time	<5s
Frequency and Time Response Bandwidth, –3dB NMR (50/60Hz) Step Response, 0 to 90%	3Hz 80/85dB 250ms
Supply Voltage Current ⁽²⁾ Sensitivity	14-35VDC 12mA ±0.0001%/%V _s
Mechanical Dimensions (h)(w)(d)	2.13" x 1.705" x 0.605", max (54.1mm x 43.3mm x 15.4mm max)
Environmental Operating Temperature Range Storage Temperature Range Relative Humidity Emissions EN61000-6-4 Radiated, Conducted Immunity EN61000-6-2 RF ESD, EFT	-40°C to +85°C -40°C to +85°C 0 to 95% Noncondensing ISM, Group 1 Class A ISM, Group 1 Performance A ±0.5% Span Error Performance B

NOTES:

*Contact factory or your local Dataforth sales office for maximum values. (1) Lead resistance effect is given for the condition of not having the NTC thermistor installed in the (1) Lead residence effect register for use conductor for the matrix $P_{\rm E}(x) = 0$ (1) the

(3) Accuracy includes the effects of repeatability, hysteresis, and linearity, but does not include sensor accuracy. (4) Linearity is calculated using the best-fit straight line method.

(5) RTI = Referenced to Input.